NON 8 SyN 5

allowed

NOSB NATIONAL LIST FILE CHECKLIST

PROCESSING

MATERIAL NAME: Citric Acid					
CATEGORY: Synthet	cic Allowed Complete?: 3/16				
	NOSB Database Form				
·/	References				
	MSDS (or equivalent)				
	FASP (FDA)				
	Date file mailed out:1/8/95				
	TAP Reviews from: Struce Tay lor				
	Stavan Harper				
	Bob Burst				
	Supplemental Information:				
u.e.ob.el	Som only				
because	of Substruke might be				
MISSING INFORMATI					

NOSB/NATIONAL LIST COMMENT FORM/BALLOT

Use this page to write down comments and questions regarding the data presented in the file of this National List material. Also record your planned opinion/vote to save time at the meeting on the National List.

Name of Material	<u>Citric</u>	Acid	
Type of Use:	Crops;	Livestock;	Processing
TAP Review by:			
1. <u>sta</u>	u Taylor		
2. <u>sta</u>	ven Harper		
3	Durst		
Comments/Questic	ons:		
My Opinion/Vote	is:		
Signature		Date	

USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

This file is due	back to us withi	n 30 days of:	Jan7
Name of Mater	ial: <u>Citric</u>	Acid	
Reviewer Name	: Steve Tay	ilor	
Is this substan	ce Natural or Synt	thetic? Explain (if appropriate)
	Natural		
Please comment o	n the accuracy of the	e information in t	ne file:
This material e	hould be added to	the Netteral I	•••
	hould be added to netic Allowed	tne National L Prohibit	
	his material does		
mat because:			
Are there any placed on this National List?	restrictions or limi material by use o	tations that sho r application on	uld be the
-	1 Committee 1	Termentation is n	atural but process
does does onvolved	by fermentation. It is use of other sub comments or refer	stances: Substration	les: com syrup, sucros um bicarbonate
Need to Fi make defer	and out more about	it process and	processing aids to
	we Tonylor		
-ignature	- long ur	_ Date <u>5-5</u>	-73

USDA/TAP REVIEWER COMMENT FORM

Use this page or an equivalent to write down comments and summarize your evaluation regarding the data presented in the file of this potential National List material. Attach additional sheets if you wish.

			Tala	
This file is due bac	k to us within	30 days	1: <u>Jen</u>	
Name of Material:	Citric A	<u>ad</u>		
Reviewer Name:	Steven 1	Harrer		
Is this substance N	atural or Synt	hetic? Expla	in (if approp	riate)
Synthetic				
Please comment on th	e accuracy of the	information	in the file:	
Good				
This material should \underline{x} Synthetic	d be added to : Allowed		nal List as: hibited Natu	ıral
	material does		on the Nat	tional
Are there any rest placed on this mat National List?	rictions or limi terial by use o	itations tha r applicatio	t should be on on the	
No.				
Any additional con	nments or refe	rences?		
Signature	tren Hayre	Date	3/10/as_	

USDA/TAP Reviewer Comment Form

Material: Citric acid
Reviewer: Bob Durst
Is this substance Natural or Synthetic? Explain (if appropriate) It is a natural occurring substance that commercially goes through numerous chemical processes to get to it's final usable form. This processing would suggest that it be classified as synthetic.
Please comment on the accuracy of the information in the file: The file is accurate.
This material should be added to the National List as: Synthetic Allowed, Prohibited Natural, or This material does not belong on the National List because:
Are there any restriction or limitations that should be placed on this material by use or application on the National List? Must be listed on the ingredient label if it used used. Unless it is actually derived from a natural source the labeling must not indicate that it is a natural compound.
Any additional comments or references? As with all synthetic inorganic salts, source must be food grade. In addition each lot should be analyzed for toxic element concentrations (mercury, lead, cadmium, arsenic, thallium and antimony) and a near zero tolerance adopted. Since citrus juices are a high natural source of citric acid, it might be advisable to find a manufacturer that is willing to isolate citric acid from organically grown fruit in an organically acceptable manner, and get a natural citric acid.
Signature Molert W. Date 3/4/9(

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			-

NOSB Materials Database

Identification

Common Name

Citric Acid

Chemical Name B-hydroxy-tricarboxylic acid C6H8O7

Other Names

Citric Acid, Anhydrous USP/FCC

Code #: CAS

77-92-9

Code #: Other

21 CFR 182-1033

N. L. Category

Synthetic Allowed

MSDS

yes Ono

<u>Chemistry</u>

Family

Aliphatic Acid

Composition

Properties

Colorless, translucent crystals, (or) white granular to fine crystalline powder, odorless, strong acid taste.

How Made

Traditionally by extraction from citrus juice, no longer commercially available. It is now extracted by fermentation of a carbohydrate substrate (often molasses) by citric acid bacteria, Aspergillus niger (a mold) or Candida guilliermondii (a yeast). Citric acid is recovered from the fermentation broth by a lime

and sulfuric acid process in which the citric acid is first precipitated as a calcium salt and then

reacidulated with sulfuric acid.

Use/Action

Type of Use

Processing

Specific Use(s) Production of fruit products, juices, oils, fats etc. for pH control, flavor enhancer, flavoring agent or adjuvant, leavening agent, sequestrant, antioxidant, solvent, antimicrogial agent, surface-active agent.

Action

Optimizes stability of frozen foods by enhancing the action of antioxidants and inactivating enzymes.

Brings out flavor in carbonated beverages. Acts as a synergist for antioxidants employed in inhibiting

rancidity in foods containg fats and oils.

Combinations

pure substance

Status

OFPA

N. L. Restriction

Currently considered synthetic by NOSB.

EPA, FDA, etc

FDA -GRAS

Directions

Safety Guidelines

Eye irritant, dust may cause mild respiratory irritation.

State Differences

Historical status

Always been allowed in organic processing and considered natural.

Internation | status

Allowed by IFOAM, EU and Codex.

NOSB Materials Database

OFPA Criteria

2119(m)1: chemical interactions

Not Applicable

2119(m)2: toxicity & persistence

Not Applicable

2119(m)3: manufacture & disposal consequences

Microbial fermentation -- Clarification -- Precipitation -- Dissolution -- Crystallization -- Drying -- Sifting -- packaging. The NOSB judged that citric acid produced by natural fermentation of carbohydrate substrates and purified by the lime-sulfuric method is synthetic because the citric acid comes into contact with lime and sulfuric acid and because of the chemical change from citric acid to calcium citrate and then back to citric acid during purification.

Biomass residuals are usually recycled as animal feeds and for agriculture.

2119(m)4: effect on human health

Material has been affirmed as GRAS by FDA for use in foods. The amount of citrate added to foods by food processors is about 500 mg per person per day. This amount occurs naturally in 2 ounces of orange juice and does not constitute a significant addition to the total body load.

Long term oral over exposure may cause damage to tooth enamel. Considered an irritatant to eyes and respiratory system during manufacture and handling. Recommended use of eye and respiratory protection during handling. Oral LD50 (rat) 11,700 mg/kg; dermal (acute) tested on skin of rabbit 500mg/24 hr moderate; eye 750 mg/24hr severe. FDA tests show no effect on reproduction, teratogenicity or oncogenicity in rats.

2119(m)5: agroecosystem biology

Not Applicable

2119(m)6: alternatives to substance

Lactic acid (has some taste problems and not used in infant foods).

Vinegar (strange taste in some foods).

Citrus juices.

2119(m)7: Is it compatible?

Compatible

References

- 1. FDA. 1977. Evaluation of the health aspects of citric acid, sodium citrate, potassium citrate, calcium citrate, ammonium citrate, triethyl citrate, isopropyl citrate, and stearyl citrate as food ingredients. SCOGS-84. Life Science Research Office, 9650 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, Maryland 20014.
- 2. Ag Partners of Davis, Materials Report for Citric Acid, 1995. Organic Trade Association, Greenfield, MA

MSDS for CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE Page 1 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION PRODUCT NAME: CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE FORMULA: HOC(COOH)(CH2COOH)2 H2O FORMULA WT: 210.14 CAS NO.: 5949-29-1 COMMON SYNONYMS: 2-HYDROXY-1,2,3,PROPANE-TRICARBOXYLIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE PRODUCT CODES: 0118,0120,0119,0110 **EFFECTIVE: 12/01/86 REVISION #02** PRECAUTIONARY LABELLING BAKER SAF-T-DATA(TM) SYSTEM HEALTH - 0 NONE FLAMMABILITY - 1 SLIGHT REACTIVITY - 0 NONE CONTACT - 1 SLIGHT HAZARD RATINGS ARE 0 TO 4 (0 = NO HAZARD; 4 = EXTREME HAZARD). LABORATORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: SAFETY GLASSES; LAB COAT PRECAUTIONARY LABEL STATEMENTS **CAUTION** MAY CAUSE IRRITATION DURING USE AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES, SKIN, CLOTHING. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING. WHEN NOT IN USE KEEP IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINER. SAF-T-DATA(TM) STORAGE COLOR CODE: ORANGE (GENERAL STORAGE) 2 - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS -----COMPONENT % CAS NO. CITRIC ACID, MONOHYDRATE 05949-29-1 3 - PHYSICAL DATA BOILING POINT: N/A
MELTING POINT: N/A
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.54
(H2O=1)

VAPOR PRESSURE(MM HG): N/A
VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1): N/A
EVAPORATION RATE: N/A
(BUTYL ACETATE=1) VAPOR PRESSURE(MM HG): N/A SOLUBILITY(H2O): APPRECIABLE (MORE THAN 10 %) % VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 0 APPEARANCE & ODOR: WHITE, ODORLESS POWDER. 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA FLASH POINT (CLOSED CUP N/A FLAMMABLE LIMITS: UPPER - N/A % LOWER - N/A % FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA USE WATER SPRAY, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL OR ORDINARY FOAM. SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR PROPER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN POSITIVE PRESSURE MODE.

TOXIC GASES PRODUCED: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE
5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA
TOXICITY TEST RESULTS AND SAFETY AND HEALTH EFFECTS ARE LISTED FOR THE ANHYDROUS PRODUCT. TOXICITY: LD50 (ORAL-RAT)(G/KG) - 11.7 LD50 (IPR-RAT)(MG/KG) - 883 LD50 (SCU-RAT)(MG/KG) - 5500 LD50 (ORAL-MOUSE)(MG/KG) - 5040 CARCINOGENICITY: NTP: NO IARC: NO Z LIST: NO OSHA REG: NO EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE DUST MAY IRRITATE NOSE AND THROAT. DUST MAY CAUSE HEADACHE, COUGHING, DIZZINESS OR DIFFICULT BREATHING. DUST MAY IRRITATE OR BURN MUCOUS MEMBRANES. CONTACT WITH SKIN OR EYES MAY CAUSE IRRITATION.
TARGET ORGANS: EYES, SKIN MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: NONE IDENTIFIED ROUTES OF ENTRY: INHALATION, EYE CONTACT, SKIN CONTACT
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES INGESTION: IF SWALLOWED AND THE PERSON IS CONSCIOUS, IMMEDIATELY GIVE LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. INHALATION: IF A PERSON BREATHES IN LARGE AMOUNTS, MOVE THE EXPOSED PERSON TO FRESH AIR. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. EYE CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY WASH WITH PLENTY OF SOAP AND WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES.
6 - REACTIVITY DATA
STABILITY: STABLE HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR INCOMPATIBLES: STRONG BASES DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE
7 - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT OF A SPILL OR DISCHARGE WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. CAREFULLY SWEEP UP AND REMOVE. DISPOSAL PROCEDURE DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS.
8 - PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
VENTILATION: USE ADEQUATE GENERAL OR LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION TO KEEP FUME OR DUST LEVELS AS LOW AS POSSIBLE. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NONE REQUIRED WHERE ADEQUATE VENTILATION CONDITIONS EXIST. IF AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION IS HIGH, USE AN APPROPRIATE RESPIRATOR OR DUST MASK. EYE/SKIN PROTECTION: SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDESHIELDS, NITRILE GLOVES RECOMMENDED.

9 - STORAGE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

SAF-T-DATA(TM) STORAGE COLOR CODE: ORANGE (GENERAL STORAGE) SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED. SUITABLE FOR ANY GENERAL CHEMICAL STORAGE AREA.

10 - TRANSPORTATION DATA AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

DOMESTIC (D.O.T.)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME CHEMICALS, N.O.S. (NON-REGULATED)

INTERNATIONAL (I.M.O.)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME CHEMICALS, N.O.S. (NON-REGULATED)

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U.S. FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION FOOD ADDITIVE SAFETY PROFILE

CITRIC ACID CAS#: HUMAN CONSUMPTION: MARKET DISAPPEARANCE: MARKET SURVEY: 000077929 90.5367 MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON FASP#: 1937 106833333.333LBS/YR TYPE: **ASP** 87 NAS#: 2306 JECFA: NL-C 2306 FEMA#: JECFA ADI: JECFA ESTABLISHED: MG/KG BW/DAY/PERSON GRAS#: 1979 POTENTIAL BEVERAGE USE LAST UPDATE: 931115 FW: 192.12 DENSITY: LOGP: STRUCTURE CATEGORIES: A6 COMPONENTS: CITRIC ACID, ANHYDROUS
2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLIC ACID
HYDROXYTRICARBOXYLIC ACID, BETA1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLIC ACID, 2-HYDROXYACIDE CITRIQUE SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FUNCTION: F TECHNICAL EFFECT: PH CONTROL AGENT FLAVOR ENHANCER FLAVORING AGENT OR ADJUVANT LEAVENING AGENT SEQUESTRANT
ANTIOXIDANT
SOLVENT OR VEHICLE
SURFACE-ACTIVE AGENT ANTIMICROBIAL AGENT ENZYME 172.755 PART 133 PART 169 145.145 131.136 CFR REG NUMBERS: 182.6033 PART 146 PART 150 173.165 182.1033 161.190 155.130 131.111 131.112 131.144 131.138 146.187 166.40 131.146 150.161 150.141 169.115 169.140 169.150 173.160 173.280 145.131 166.110 184.1033 MINIMUM TESTING LEVEL: 3 COMMENTS: STUDY 1-12 FROM SCOGS-84 BOX 4A: LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE RAT OR MOUSE STUDIES STUDY: COMPLETENESS: RANKING FACTOR: 1.938E-2 SPECIES: LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY CHOLESTEROL DECREASE
GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE
ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE
CELLULAR ATROPHY **EFFECTS:** SITES: THYMUS SITES: INTMUS SPLEEN COMMENTS: MALES ONLY SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES DATA FROM SCOGS-84

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STUDY:

SPECIES:

TYPE:

LOWEST EFFECT LEVEL OBSERVED IN ALL AVAILABLE STUDIES BOX 4C: RANKING FACTOR: 1.938E-2 STUDY: **COMPLETENESS:** 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY SPECIES: RAT CHOLESTEROL DECREASE **EFFECTS:** GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE CELLULAR ATROPHY THYMUS SITES: SPLEEN
COMMENTS: MALES ONLY
SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES DATA FROM SCOGS-84 ACUTE TOXICITY INFORMATION BOX 7: SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 STUDY: SPECIES: RAT LD50: 12000 MG/KG BW **COMMENTS:** SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 STUDY: MOUSE SPECIES: MG/KG BW LD50: 5000 COMMENTS: ORAL TOXICITY STUDIES (OTHER THAN ACUTE) BOX 9: SOURCE: REV PORT FARM 20:41-46 YEAR: 1970 **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: YEAR: LEL: TYPE: SPECIES: SHORT TERM 200 MG/KG BW/DAY SPECIES: RAT DURATION: 9 DAYS HNEL: BODY WEIGHT DECREASE EFFECTS: SITES INITIAL DECREASE IN WEIGHT DID NOT PERSIST NOT USED FOR PRIORITY RANKING COMMENTS: SOURCE: J TAKEDA RES LAB 30:25-31 YEAR: 1971 LEL: 4670 MG/KG BW/DAY **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: TYPE: SPECIES: SHORT TERM RAT MG/KG BW/DAY 42 DAYS HNEL: 2260 DURATION: CHOLESTEROL DECREASE GLUTAMIC-OXALOACETIC ORGAN WEIGHT DECREASE CELLULAR ATROPHY EFFECTS: TRANSAMINASE (SGOT/AST) INCREASE SPLEEN **THYMUS** SITES: COMMENTS: SLIGHT ATROPHY OF THYMUS AND SPLENIC FOLLICLES SOURCE: J AM PHARM ASSOC SCI ED **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: 34:86-89 YEAR: 1945 TYPE: SPECIES: SUBCHRONIC RODENT MG/KG BW/DAY MG/KG BW/DAY LEL: HNEL: RAT 600 DURATION: 90 DAYS EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS COMMENTS: BODY WEIGHT, BLOOD, HISTOPATH AND REPRODUCTION OBSERVED SOURCE: J AM PHARM ASSOC SCI ED 34:86-89 **COMPLETENESS:** STUDY: SUBCHRONIC MAMMAL (NON-RODENT)YEAR: 1945 TYPE: MG/KG BW/DAY LEL: HNEL: SPECIES: DOG MG/KG BW/DAY DURATION: 112 DAYS EFFECTS: NO EFFEC 1380 NO EFFECTS SITES COMMENTS: NO BEHAVIORAL, BIOCHEMICAL OR HISTOPATHOLOGICAL ABNORMALITIES SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3

COMPLETENESS:

TERATOGENICITY

RAT

YEAR: 1973

IFI:

MG/KG BW/DAY

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DURATION: 10 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS
                                                 HNEL: 295
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY
 SITES
 COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-15 OF GESTATION
 STUDY:
                             COMPLETENESS:
                                                 SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3
 TYPE:
SPECIES:
             TERATOGENICITY
                                                 YEAR: 1973
            MOUSE
                                                 LEL:
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                       >
241
 DURATION: 10 DAYS
                                                 HNEL:
 EFFECTS:
SITES:
             NO EFFECTS
 COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-15 OF GESTATION
 STUDY:
                            COMPLETENESS:
                                                 SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3
             TERATOGENICITY
 TYPE:
                                                 YEAR: 1973
 SPECIES:
            HAMSTER
                                                LEL:
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                        >
272
DURATION: 5 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFF
SITES:
                                                 HNEL:
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY
            NO EFFECTS
COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-10 OF GESTATION
STUDY:
                                                SOURCE: GRP 7T0195 3
YEAR: 1973
LEL: > MG/KG
                            COMPLETENESS:
TYPE:
             TERATOGENICITY
SPECIES: RABBIT
DURATION: 13 DAYS
EFFECTS: NO EFFECTS
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                HNEL:
                                                        425
SITES
COMMENTS: ADMINISTERED DAY 6-18 OF GESTATION
STUDY:
                            COMPLETENESS:
                                                SOURCE: J AGRIC FOOD CHEM 5:759-760
TYPE:
SPECIES:
            RAT ONCOGENICITY
                                                YEAR: 1957
SPECIES: RAT
DURATION: 728 DAYS
                                                LEL:
                                                                  MG/KG BW/DAY
                                                        2000
                                                HNEL:
EFFECTS:
            NO EFFECTS
SITES
COMMENTS: MALES ONLY
STUDY:
                            COMPLETENESS:
                                                SOURCE: VOEDING 17:137-148
YEAR: 1956
TYPE: REP
            REPRODUCTION (3-GENERATION)
                                                LEL:
HNEL:
                                                                 MG/KG BW/DAY
DURATION:
                                                        800
EFFECTS:
            NO EFFECTS
SITES
COMMENTS:
BOX 3:
            GENETIC TOXICITY STUDIES
STUDY:
            15
                           COMPLETENESS:
                                                SOURCE:
TYPE:
SPECIES:
                                                YEAR:
                                                LEL:
                                                                 MG/KG BW/DAY
DURATION:
                                               HNEL:
EFFECTS:
CELLS:
COMMENTS:
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